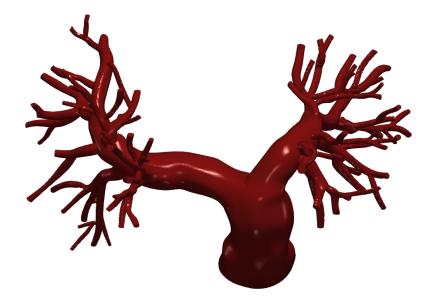
# Vascular Model Repository Specifications Document



# 0128\_H\_PULM\_PAH

Legacy Name: SU0208

Model added: 14 Sep 2022

Species	Human
Anatomy	Pulmonary
Disease	Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension
Procedure	None

## Clinical Significance and Background

### Pulmonary

Pulmonary circulation involves blood flowing from the right ventricle of the heart into the pulmonary arteries. From the pulmonary arteries, the blood then reaches the lungs, performs a gas exchange, and then continues to the pulmonary veins which then lead to the left atrium of the heart.

By definition, an artery is a blood vessel that carries blood away from the heart. This usually means arteries carry oxygenated blood to the rest of the body, but since the pulmonary arteries are transporting blood from the right side of the heart to the lungs to perform respiration, that makes the pulmonary arteries the only arteries in the body that carry deoxygenated blood. Similarly, the pulmonary veins, which carry blood that has been freshly oxygenated from the lungs back to the heart, are the only veins that carry oxygenated blood.

### Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension

Pulmonary hypertension is a type of high blood pressure that affects the arteries in the lungs and the right side of the heart. In one form of pulmonary hypertension, called pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH), blood vessels in the lungs are narrowed, blocked, or destroyed. The damage slows blood flow through the lungs, and blood pressure in the lung arteries rises. The heart must work harder to pump blood through the lungs. The extra effort eventually causes the heart muscle to become weak and fail. Changes in the cells that line the pulmonary arteries can cause the walls of the arteries to become stiff, swollen, and thick. These changes may slow down or block blood flow through the lungs, causing pulmonary hypertension.

## **Clinical Data**

### **General Patient Data**

Age (yrs)	14
Sex	Female

### Specific Patient Data

BSA (m^2)	1.5
RV End Diastolic Vol. (ml)	156

RV End Systolic Vol. (ml)	74
Pulmonary Artery Flow (L/min)	3.6
End Diastolic Volume Index (ml/m^2)	101
Ejection Fraction (%)	68
Pulmonary Artery Pressure (mmHg)	58/18/34
Pulmonary Vascular Resistance Index (Wum^2)	8.6
Cardiac Index (L/min/m^2)	2.3

## Notes

Model of a patient suffering from moderate pulmonary arterial hypertension. Paper patient M1. \nSee <u>paper</u> for more details. See below for information on the image data.

Image Modality:	CT/MR
Image Type:	VTI
Image Source:	Lucille Packard Children's Hospital

## **Publications**

See the following publications which include the featured model for more details:

Yang, W., Dong, M., Rabinovitch, M., Chan, F. P., Marsden, A. L., & Feinstein, J. A. (2019). Evolution of hemodynamic forces in the pulmonary tree with progressively worsening pulmonary arterial hypertension in pediatric patients. Biomechanics and modeling in mechanobiology, 18(3), 779-796. http://www.doi.org/10.1007/s10237-018-01114-0

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"The data used herein was provided in whole or in part with Federal funds from the National Library of Medicine under Grant No. R01LM013120, and the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute, National Institutes of Health, Department of Health and Human Services, under Contract No. HHSN268201100035C"

#### AND/OR

N.M. Wilson, A.K. Ortiz, and A.B. Johnson, "The Vascular Model Repository: A Public Resource of Medical Imaging Data and Blood Flow Simulation Results," J. Med. Devices 7(4), 040923 (Dec 05, 2013) doi:10.1115/1.4025983.

#### AND/OR

Reference the official website for this data: www.vascularmodel.com

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